Morning Oregonian.

VOL. VIII — PORTLAND, OREGON: MONDAY MORNING, JUNE 15, 1868. — NO. 114

The Daily Oregonian.

HENRY L. PITTOCK, Proprietor.

THE DAILY MORNING OREGONIAN is published every morning, except Sunday and delivered by carriers to subscribers in Portland at 37½ cents a week. Single copies 12½ cents. By Mail or Express, to any part of the State at $10 per annum in advance; $5 for six months; $3 for three months. Advertising at liberal rates.

THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN containing a selection of the best articles in the Daily, will be published every Saturday morning and forwarded by Mail to any part of the State at $3 per annum, $2 for six months, and $1 for three months, in advance.

All papers discontinued at the end of the time for which they are paid. Subscribers should renew at least two weeks before the date printed upon the address label.

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The Daily Oregonian.

MONDAY MORNING, JUNE 15, 1868.

NATIONAL UNION NOMINATIONS.

For President:

U. S. GRANT,

Of Illinois.

For Vice President:

SCHUYLER COLFAX,

Of Indiana.

For Presidential Electors:

O. JACOBS, of Jackson.
WILSON BOWLEY, of Washington.
A. B. MEACHAM, of Umatilla.

The City Election.

To-day the city election will take place, and it is the duty of all good citizens to come out and vote. The Union party has presented the names of good and responsible men for the offices to be filled, and no member of the party should fail to go the polls and deposit his vote. We are quite sure that a majority of the legal voters of the city are opposed to the [illegible] "Democracy" who are making such a general scramble after the spoils, regardless of all but party and personal interest. Let all Union men therefore come out [illegible]

"Popular Idea" of a Few.

Those who formed this Republic did not think that the right to vote should depend upon color. They had not discovered that a man was (in modern "Democratic" parlance) a "beastly idea." In every [illegible] Colonies, except South Carolina, the right of suffrage was held [illegible] by all freemen." In 1778, [illegible] Articles of Confederation were under consideration, a principal point of difficulty was, that South Carolina, who wanted the word "white" introduced as an essential [illegible] of American citizenship. Eight [illegible] of the population of the country, voted that the word [illegible] Had two States voted [illegible] was equally divided, and two [illegible] voted. Slavery itself was then [illegible] and had not yet [illegible] the rank prejudice of color which it [illegible] wards engendered. [illegible] of Rights prefixed to the [illegible] all free men of Delaware and a [illegible] ... [illegible] ... red that,—

"[illegible] ... and age of persons [illegible] with an attachment to [illegible] with a right of suffrage.

[illegible] of Maryland provided [illegible] ... twenty-one years of age, [illegible] fifty acres of land in the [illegible] they were to vote, and residing [illegible] having property to the [illegible] value of thirty pounds, current [illegible] and having resided in the county in [illegible] ... to vote one whole year next preceding [illegible] ... for a right of suffrage, [illegible] ... for each county.

[illegible] ... of Georgia it was provided [illegible] ... of both sexes of [illegible] ... be allowed and inhabitants [illegible] ... and who have resided in the [illegible] ... and have paid tax for [illegible] ... six months within the year."

[illegible] ... of North Carolina [illegible] ... of twenty-one years, who [illegible] ... within [illegible] ... twelve months, were living [illegible] ... and paying taxes [illegible] ... were [illegible] ... to vote for members of [illegible] ... in which [illegible] ... But what we [illegible] ... which [illegible] ... where only [illegible] ... of holding [illegible] ... in the Constitution of this forty [illegible] ... the qualifications [illegible] ... free white man, [illegible] ... still living, negroes [illegible] ... Pettit, of Indiana, [illegible] ... in the Senate in [illegible]

[illegible] ... this right [illegible] ... and many, both [illegible] ... it when free negroes [illegible] ... have voted [illegible] ... and [illegible] ... long [illegible] ... held her with [illegible] ... to color, [illegible] ... until it was [illegible] ... since, [illegible]

So much in regard to negro suffrage in former times in the South. In the Northern States at the ratification of the Articles of Confederation, negroes voted in New York, Massachusetts, and New York [illegible] ... this privilege. In Connecticut the right was taken away [illegible] ... in 1817. In Pennsylvania they voted till 1838. In New Jersey they formerly voted; but the present Constitution of [illegible] ... limits the right to whites. Vermont came into the Union in 1791 with a Constitution allowing negroes to vote; and Maine, with a similar Constitution, came in in 1820. In those States colored men still hold the elective franchise.

The evidence, then, is conclusive that those who [illegible] ... Republic did not think that color was a disqualification for the exercise of the suffrage. This is the historical fact, and the [illegible] ... shrieking about "negro equality" may [illegible] ... what they can out of it. Negro [illegible] ... is not a device of modern "Radicalism." Each State has given the colored man the right to vote, and plumply refused to take the right from him. It was only when slavery grew up into a great power, controlling our whole political system, and creating a bitter prejudice against color, that many of the States in which the negro had formerly voted, deprived him of the franchise. The man who advocates impartial suffrage to-day is "Radical" just to the extent that all men were "Radical" seventy or eighty years ago. If anybody excepts to these conclusions we say: Here are the facts of history which you cannot deny or disprove; what are you going to do about them?

STATE ITEMS.

The crops in the John Day country are going to be large this season, and everything in that region is in a flourishing condition.

Dr. Plummer of Albany has been tendered and has accepted the Chair of Chemistry in the Medical Department of the Willamette University.

The Corvallis city election took place last Monday. There was no political contest. M. Jacobs was elected Mayor, A. Cawthorn Recorder and M. H. Bell Marshal.

The contract of the O. C. R. R. Co. (East side) for crossing the river at Corvallis and running South through Benton county has been ratified. A proposition is made for Benton county to aid the road to the extent of $3,000 per mile.

A practical culturist, says the *Enterprise*, is about to commence planting and cultivating the cranberry in Clackamas county. His plants will be imported from the best stock in the Eastern States. It is somewhat singular that this business has been so long neglected in Oregon.

The *Mountaineer* does not believe that the Branch Mint at the Dalles will ever be built. It urges the citizens of that place to complete the Woolen Mill as their "only salvation from utter bankruptcy and ruin." We are reluctant to believe that the case is so sad for the Dalles as the *Mountaineer* represents it.

The Corvallis *Gazette* says that Jas. Keyes, of Benton county, importer and dealer in fine sheep, has gone to the Atlantic States, to be absent two or three months. He takes with him, to California, twelve thorough-bread Merinos, and four graded Cotswold lambs, for the purpose of improving California fleeces, so that the wool growers and shippers of the State will not be tempted to place their "brand" upon Oregon wool.

The *Enterprise* has the following good one: Fair field and Champoeg precincts in Marion county gave large Democratic majorities. This is so counted for by the fact that all the half breeds voted the Democratic ticket, in favor of a white man's government. Will not some of our copperhead editors or orators tells us why it is that Indians, half-breeds, and ignorant whites are so much exercised about "nigger equality."

From the *Mountaineer's* advices from Canyon City, we learn that Geo. Way, who was shot by Wm Davis on election day, has since died. Davis had an examination and was discharged. Last week two miners were found in their claim, both dead. From the manner in which they lay, and each having a pistol in his hand, it is supposed that they fought a duel. One received a ball through the heart and the other through the head. Both were dead when found and appeared to have been so for sometime. They were natives of Austria.

Senator Corbett telegraphs to Judge Chenoweth that an immediate survey of Yaquina Bay has been ordered by the department at Washington.

The *Unionist* says that Hon. John Minto brought to town a few days ago, the best lot of wool ever produced in Oregon. It was fine Merino, put up in good condition, and will challenge comparison with any clip ever housed in the State. The total weight was 1,300 pounds; and the heaviest fleece in the lot weighed nineteen pounds. M. A. Stratton & Co. were the purchasers, and the price eighteen cents per pound. It is claimed that a lot of wool as this would command fifty to sixty cents per pound in Eastern markets.

To the Voters of the Second Ward.

To-day you are to decide by your votes who you will have to represent you in the City Council, JOHN M. BRECK of A. ROSENHEIM? Which of these two men are most worthy of your confidence and support? Would it not be well before conferring any more honors on Rosenheim, inquire in what manner he has used the trust and confidence of those who have before sustained him. Has it not been a matter of public notoriety and admitted by both Republicans and Democrats that a more unprincipled, shameless, ignorant man for a public office, has never before been known in Oregon. Let every voter who has the welfare of the city in view, consider the disgrace entailed on it by the election of this man to the office of alderman. That his nomination to the office was a fraud on the Democrats is well known. Let us, then, by our votes, consign him to oblivion, so that his name may come to be a "stench in the nostrils of honest people."

Let every Democrat rise above, in this instance party considerations, and prove that, though Democratic, this Republican is one too much.

Let no Republican, who has a vote, fail to cast it against him. Let no consideration of policy prevent you from voting. Take care of the *present* and that John M. Breck gets your vote and support.

A DEMOCRAT.

Portland, June 14, 1868.

All the so-called "Conservative Republican" papers of the country, including such journals as the Cincinnati *Commercial*, the New York *Times*, the New York *Commercial Advertiser*, (Thurlow Weed's paper,), the Springfield *Republican*, the Buffalo *Commercial Advertiser*, etc., etc., heartily endorse Grant and Colfax. There is not a note of discord in the party from the Atlantic to the Pacific, or from the Lakes to the Gulf. The prospects are far more favorable for Grant than they were for Lincoln four years ago.

The nomination of Grant and Colfax has been received with a shout of rejoicing from the Atlantic to the Pacific. The Congregational Association of Michigan suspended its regular exercises when the news was received, and sang the standard doxology of the church amid the greatest enthusiasm. The New York *Herald*, a disinterested guerilla newspaper, says that Grant is stronger than his party, and that Colfax is the next strongest man in the party.

Andrew Johnson was saved by the vote of his own son-in-law, Patterson. The son-in-law should have voted for acquittal had the charge been treason or bribery, and proven any question. Senators have been denounced, because as has been said, they voted at the trial with a determination to convict; but nothing has been said against other Senators whose minds were made up from the first,—long before the trial began,—to vote for acquittal.

ALEXANDER POPE ON GENERAL GRANT.—The following remarkable passage occurs in Pope's translation of Homer's Iliad, and affords a striking picture of General Ulysses S. Grant. It seems prophetic:

"To Gods! what wonders has Ulysses wrought!
What fruits his counsels and his conduct yield—
Grant in the field, plans in the field!
Secure, he rises in the State's defense.
To curb the factious tongue of insolence.
Such just examples, on offenders shown,
Restore silence, and [illegible] the throne."

The *Enterprise* thinks that the circulation of the campaign *Herald* injured the Union party in the late canvass. We should be sorry to think that any person of common intelligence who had ever been educated up to the standard of Republicanism, or had ever thought of voting the Republican ticket, could be influenced in the smallest [illegible] by the fatal garrulity of Bonah. In our opinion the *Enterprise* is greatly in error.

The Copperheads are reproducing a "Radical circular" which about a year ago was published all over the country against Grant. We remember that "Radical circulars" were published in 1864 against Lincoln, and that a "Radical candidate" was nominated against him; yet that did not prevent his triumph. No more will "Radical circulars" or Copperhead calumnies prevent the triumph of Grant.

Mrs. Eleanor Willard, widow of Alexander Willard, one of the members of the celebrated "Lewis and Clark Expedition," died near Stockton, California, on the 1st June. She was a native of Kentucky, and nearly 80 years of age.

Oregon voted all the time in the Chicago Convention for Colfax for Vice President.

ELECTION RETURNS.

Grant County—Official.

	Congress.		
Logan	386	Smith	425
	Prosecuting Attorney.		
C. M. Fistor	360	W. B. Laswell	417
	State Senators.		
F. C. Sels	375	J. A. Brinkelsby	370
	Representatives.		
F. Adams	354	Thos. E. Gray	383
D. G. Overholt	356	R. Neal	380
	Commissioners.		
F. Winegar	356	Rice	379
Jos. Robertson	356	Wm. Ritchie	400
	Sheriff.		
J. H. Wood	334	Thomas Howard	405
	Clerk.		
Church	365	Pointdexter	367
	Treasurer.		
F. Motschan	360	H. R. Sels	384
	School Superintendent.		
D. B. Rhinehart	347	Ely Lester	384
	Assessor		
John Blake	356	E. Webster	385
	Surveyor.		
J. Higgins	365	G. A. Stangler	340
	Coroner.		
Dr. Rosecrans	352	M. D. Cameron	417

Umatilla County—Official.

	Congress.		
Logan	231	Smith	493

Union County—Official.

	Congress.		
Logan	281	Smith	503

Chase and the Democracy.

[From the Cincinnati Commercial.]

A special to the New York *Times* from Washington, dated the 14th contains the following:

The movement to present Chief Justice Chase to the National Democratic Convention is becoming more and more tangible every day. Mr. Welsh, one of the proprietors of the Philadelphia *Age*, and a delegate to the Convention, and Mr. Frazier, the Assessor of Internal Revenue of the First Pennsylvania District, are in town to-day, and avow that the movement is an earnest one, and will be pushed through to success.

The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Press* gives further details of the programme, as follows:

The Democratic nomination talk has recently received new impetus. The Indiana Copperhead, D. W. Voorhees, is openly advocating Mr. Chase's nomination. He is at work industriously pushing the matter. Within a day or two the draft of a Democratic platform has been submitted to both Chase and Andy Johnson, and received approval by both, the former making a few verbal alterations. It indulges in some generalities about slavery as no longer a living issue, and in a vague sort of a way endorses the Wade Hampton pretence of equal franchise, based on education and property for all newly-made citizens. The rest of the draft denounces the reconstruction policy of Congress, leans strongly against protection, denounces high taxation, and demands universal amnesty.

A special dispatch to the Cincinnati *Times*, dated Washington, May 16th, says:

A committee of Philadelphia Conservatives are here John W. Fraser, Assessor First District Pennsylvania, and John Welch, candidate for Congress against Judge Kelley two years ago—for the purpose of organizing a Conservative party, with Chase as their candidate for President. They waited on Chase, and he assured them he would be a candidate for President if the people wanted him, and was willing to accept the nomination of the Conservatives.

"They compared notes together, and came to the conclusion that Democrats would gladly support Chase in preference to one of their own party, as Chase would be likely to draw more strength from the Republican party than any other candidate they could run.

"Mr. Chase told them if the Democrats supported him, they must stand upon his platform.

"The committee have had an interview with several of the bolting and Conservative Senators, and they appear favorable to organizing another party and running Chase."

We have been informed that Horatio Seymour is declaring himself for Chase.

DEMOCRATS, READ.—Here is a choice scrap from the confession (in the Pendleton organ—*Cincinnati Enquirer*) of a Democratic nigger hater, who was concerned in the Georgia election, a regular howler against negro equality and all that:

The great "Black Belt" of Georgia, that portion of the State lying in the south-west portion of the State, and west of the Ocmulgee, where the intelligent planters reside, in which there was a negro majority in almost every county of from 400 to 3,000; and in some cases, where the black vote registered was about seven to one as compared to the white, the unexpected result is presented of Democratic majorities in nearly every county, thus demonstrating, beyond all doubt, that when ever the Southern white man consents to make the effort, the carpet bag Yankee stands no chance in competing for the negro vote. Take as an instance the Second Congressional District. In that district the registered vote shows an aggregate negro vote of nearly 3,000 votes, and yet Nelson Tift, the Democratic candidate for Congress, is elected by at least 2,500 majority; and Gen. Gordon, the Democratic candidate for Governor, received over a still larger majority. The Democratic speakers went among them and explained the lamies in such a way as caused the Loyal Leaguers to melt like snow before the rising sun. I made several speeches to them, and whenever I began to talk to them about taxes on cotton and tobacco, and sycup, and explain that all these things came from their pretended friends and if they continued to stick to them they would have to be still further taxed to pay the United States coupons, and if they voted for this Constitution they would vote to give the white man all the land, henceforth and forever, they would shake their heads, and fall an easy prey to the Democratic party."

Of course Nelson Tift, Democrat, will not presume to come to Washington as a Congressman elected by nigger votes, not a bit of it. Nigger voting is an abomination—when it is on the wrong side!

FACTORIES IN LOWELL.—The Hamilton Mills are running a little short of their full work. They are manufacturing striped tickings, awnings, prints, and a few ginghams. There is but very little call for the delaines, and trade in other goods is rather quiet. The Massachusetts corporation is running with full help and full time, and is manufacturing as many goods as it has for several years past. Its principal fabrics are sheetings, shirtings, drillings and cotton flannels. It has about 1,800 looms, and employs between 1,200 and 1,400 hands, and several months' stock of cotton on hand. The Boot Mills are manufacturing a fine quality of cotton goods, and are slowly reducing their working force. They have three months' supply of cotton on hand. About 1,100 hands are now employed. The Merrimack Company is now running all its works and full time. It is manufacturing prints, exclusively, but the demand is not very active. The company employs between 2,200 and 2,300 hands. The Appleton corporation is running at present nearly, or quite full work, and is manufacturing principally heavy sheetings. It has a small stock of goods in storehouses, and a good supply of cotton. About 500 hands are employed. The Tremont Mill have not been in full operation since it was entirely stopped last fall. It now runs about one-half its work, and is manufacturing coarse grades of cotton and flannels. It will not probably increase its work until there is a better demand for goods. The Suffolk has not started up yet, and we presume will not at present, unless the market improves. The Lowell (carpet) corporation is running its full work as usual, and there is a fair demand for its goods.

The Buffalo *Commercial Advertiser*, "Conservative Republican," says: We have very reason to believe that General Grant will be elected by an overwhelming vote. Looking over the political field, we can discover no probable combination which can arise to change that result. As we have said, his nomination has grown out of a grand popular assertion of undiminished loyalty to the Government. It is, in fact, a reiteration of the sentiment which carried us so triumphantly through the war, and which, though temporarily baffled of its legitimate fruits, is still as earnest as ever that they shall be secured.

The *Pacific* has a paragraph on Parton, the biographical writer and magazinist,—not calling him by name, but designating him as "the somewhat hen-pecked husband of a woman known as Fanny Fern." There's fame!

THE BROADWAY STYLES of Boys' Hats received per last steamer, and for sale by J. A. Daly, 103 Front street.

FROM WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

The Puget Sound Milling Company have decided to build a large mill on the Chehalis.

The citizens of Olympia have decided to celebrate the Fourth of July, and are making preparations therefor.

Business, says the Olympia *Transcript* is brisk on every part of the Sound. The Port Gamble company are sending to San Francisco for hands. It is in contemplation to build three vessels at Port Madison this summer. The mail from Olympia to Seattle via Union City, will be discontinued after the 1st of July, and be carried by way Port Gamble.

Improvements are still progressing at the Bellingham Bay coal mines. A new shaft is just started, believed to be the largest on the coast west of the Sierra Nevada, being twenty-one feet, with three apartments. Work upon this is progressing very rapidly. The work of pumping out the old shaft has been going on since the 10th of April, by means of a huge steam pump, forcing out a 12 inch stream of water, or 400 gallons per minute. This amount takes out for nearly two months, and the work to go on perhaps for months to come, will give a faint idea of the labor in these coal beds.

A semi-weekly mail will be carried from Seabeck to Port Gamble.

Curiosities of the Income.

[From a New York Letter.]

Did you ever look over an income list without a feeling of disappointment? The men you think poor appear rich, and those you fancy extremely prosperous make no show at all. I have never been able to determine by what particular rule of arithmetic, though I am sure I never learned it people reckon their incomes. It cannot be by the rule of three, but it may be the rule of No. 1. Merchants and importers in Beaver and Pear streets, who are wealthy as Croesus, declare their incomes less than their actual household expenses, while their fellows who could not borrow a hundred dollars on their individual credit have incomes in the region of tens of thousands.

I suppose the truth is, persons who are in narrow circumstances are ambitious to be thought rich, and so favor the assessor with figures more rhetorical than mathematical. Those who have amassed a fortune, on the contrary, do not care how they look in their income returns, and reduce their profits accordingly. I think I could cite a hundred instances of New Yorkers who made last year $40,000, $50,000, $80,000 and $100,000, that report their income at $10,000, $12,000, $15,008, and $20,000. I have heard of several men of business who borrowed money to pay their tax, and of two who failed less than a week after they had returned large incomes. The revenue tax has grown to be, with many, a means of supporting their credit, by advertising large profits that they have made; while those who are in financial embarrassment hope to get out of it by pretending to be what they are not.

Boarders at the St. Nicholas, Metropolitan and Fifth Avenue often deduct the rent of the hotels as the rent of their houses from their incomes, while hundreds of others find it convenient to forget the largest part of their profits. Among those who return no income beyond a few dollars is a large number of writers, artists and journalists, who have quite as much as they can compass to make both ends meet in the metropolis. The most interesting revelations would be made, I opine, from the exact figures of the class that does not appear in the printed lists. The sum that a clever man can make here is just enough to prevent him from taxation. Would that it were otherwise! There is nothing a man having nothing to tax would more willingly pay, and nothing those taxable are so unwilling to pay.

Death and the tax-gatherer always come round, it is said; but the one can't be avoided and the other can, especially in New York. The people live in such a singular manner, are so constantly moving, rushing out of town and changing their business that a score of detectives could not discover more than three-quarters of the taxable population. Many persons who have lived here for years have never appeared in the directory, never voted, never been taxed. And, I doubt not, fully one hundred thousand people who owe the revenue from $20 to $500 each, have never given it a dollar, and are not likely to.

GIANT POWDER.—This new explosive is working into general use in the mines. The *Alta* says:

The new giant powder is coming into favor among miners. They agree that in hard quartz it cheapens and quickens work so materially that it is to their interest to pay $1 50 a pound till the extravagant price shall bring new explosives at a third of the money. At present the manufacturers are encouraged to keep up the price by the demand, which consumes their 500 pounds of daily production. This desiccated nitro-glycerine requires different treatment from the first instructions. The cartridge must be well rammed down to the bottom of the hole—not with an iron rammer. The fuse must be attached to a small separate cartridge, which is let down on the first. No tampering is required. As a rule, small and shallow drills are preferred. Some say three quarters by ten inches; others prefer larger and deeper drills.

Recent municipal elections in Nevada indicate the ability of the Union party to carry the State. Nevada has not been overrun with rebel guerrillas like Oregon.

SEASONABLE.—Those stylish Summer Suits, direct from New York, and for sale by Wm. Currier & Co., 103 Front street.

THE BEST CURE FOR RHEUMATISM is to wear good Underskirts, good Cassimere Suits, and should it be warm, change your heavy clothes for such as suit the weather. Follow that prescription, and you will never suffer with rheumatism, but be certain to buy your clothes of KOHN & FISHEL, for there's are known to cure either cold or heat, and to suit both rich and poor.

Keep Your Head Cool,

Your feet warm, your bowels in order, and take PLANTATION BITTERS,

And you will be healthy, wealthy and wise. If your system is debilitated, your liver gorged, your brain "muddled," your stomach irritable, your nerves shaken, S. F.——1868——X.

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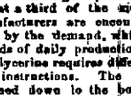
PRATT'S NEW LIFE!

THE GREAT BOTANIC REMEDY. PURIFIES THE BLOOD, Invigorates the Liver, Strengthens the Stomach and Regulates the Bowels. An Infallible Remedy for Piles, Dyspepsia and Constipation. A Sure Preventive of Fever and Ague and all Malarious Complaints. Price $1 00 per bottle. For sale by all Druggists.

Wholesale Agents.—Messrs. SMITH & DAVIS and HODGE, GALE & CO, Wholesale Druggists, Portland, Oregon. mh14d3m5p

STEAM, SULPHUR, VAPOR BATHS.



For the Cure of COUGHS, COLDS, RHEUMATISM and SECRETIAL AFFECTIONS

The attention of sufferers from Colds is directed to these Baths, as one or two will Remove the severest Cold. Also,

Warm, Cold and Shower Baths!

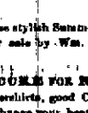
Steam or Vapor Baths, $1 00. Warm Baths, 50 cents.

CHAS. F. WIEGAND, Proprietor,
Parrish's Brick,
Washington street, near Front,
Portland, Oregon.
se1dtf

STAR OF THE UNION
CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS.

These delicious Stomach Bitters are entirely Vegetable, and free from alcohol and every hurtful ingredient. A

TRY THEM! TRY THEM!



JUDGE FOR YOUR SELF!

pleasant tonic, and a most agreeable drink. The market is flooded with poisonous compounds; but THESE bitters, made from the purest extracts of valuable roots, barks and herbs, are admirably adapted to the cure of all affections of the Stomach, Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, such as Dyspepsia, Fever Diarrhœa, Loss of Appetite, etc., etc. For sale everywhere.

A. HENKHAUSEN, SOLE MANUFACTURER,
sep20d1y3p Cor. Sansome & Jackson, San Francisco.

DIED:

In this city, on Friday, June 12, at 2 o'clock A. M., of diarrhœa, Chas. Hubert, youngest son of John B. and Jane D. Kellogg, aged 2 years, 6 months and 11 days.

NEW TO-DAY.

NORTH BRITISH
AND
MERCANTILE INSURANCE CO.
OF LONDON AND EDINBURGH.

ESTABLISHED.....1809.

CAPITAL, $10,000,000

ACCUMULATED & INVESTED FUNDS, JAN. 1, 1868,

$13,436,568 IN GOLD!

ANNUAL INCOME IN GOLD,

$3,562,035!

DEPOSIT IN OREGON, according to law.....$50,000
DEPOSIT IN NEVADA, " " " $50,000
LIMIT ON SINGLE RISKS.....$100,000

San Francisco Bankers, Messrs. TALLANT & CO.

BRANCH OFFICE FOR THE PACIFIC STATES and Territories,
S. E. Corner Sansome and California Sts.,
San Francisco, California.

INSURANCE effected on the most favorable terms on Buildings of both BRICK and WOOD, whether occupied as DWELLINGS, STORES or WAREHOUSES, together with their contents.

LOSSES PAID HERE IN GOLD COIN.

WM. H. TILLINGHAST,
General Agent.

CHAS. C. HARVEY, Secretary.

C. P. FERRY, Agent,
JOYTLAND, OREGON.

For Victoria, Direct.

THE STEAMSHIP
GEO. S. WRIGHT,
HENRY LANGDON, ... Commander,
Will leave the P. T. Co.'s Wharf
ON TUESDAY, JUNE 16TH, 1868,
At 5 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage, apply ON BOARD.

Portland, June 15th, 1868. dtd

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—In the District Court of the United States, for the District of Oregon.—In the matter of William Gallick, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by William Gallick, of Portland, Multnomah county, Oregon, in said District, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 20th day of June, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M., is assigned for the hearing of the same before said Court, when and where creditors of said bankrupt may attend and show cause why the prayer of said petition should not be granted, and that the second and third meetings of the creditors of said bankrupt will be held upon the 19th day of June, 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M., before W. Lair Hill, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said District, at his office at the city of Portland, Oregon.

R. WILCOX,
Jel5d3t Clerk of the U. S. District Court for Oregon.

Notice.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE UNDERSIGNED are requested to pay the same to DR. J. H. HATON, at the Post Office of MADE & HATON, to all of whom all claims against me must also be presented.

July 15, 1866. DR. OMAR BLACH.

A Splendid Assort ment of Goods!

JUST RECEIVED AT

W. T. SHANAHAN'S
Music & Art Gallery,

On First Street, near the Western Hotel,

Consisting of

PIANOS, ORGANS
VIOLINS, GUITARS,
CONCERTINAS, ACCORDEONS,
And all kinds of MUSICAL GOODS.
ALSO,
FINE ENGRAVINGS CHROMOS,
PICTURE FRAMES & MOLDINGS,
PICTURE CORD AND TASSELS,
CARVED WALNUT BRACKETS,
PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,
ETC., ETC., ETC.

P. S. PIANOS AND ORGANS FOR RENT.
PIANOS TUNED AND REPAIRED.
PICTURES FRAMED TO ORDER. jel0d3t

REMOVED!

GOTTGETREU & RICHTER,

Have Removed their Entire Stock of

Havana & Domestic CIGARS!

TOBACCOS, ETC.

Also, a great variety of

Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, Snuffs,

CUTLERY, NOTIONS, ETC.,

3 DOORS BELOW THEIR OLD STAND,

between the

Gem Saloon and Ore Pine Mill,

FIRST STREET, PORTLAND.

je6d1m3p

GENUINE ZWETCHENWASSER!

GENUINE MALACA WINE!

GENUINE KIRSHWASSER!

AND THE BEST BRANDS OF

LIQUORS AND WINES!

ARE SOLD AT

THE GEM!

je3dtf C. A. BURCHARDT.

MRS. M. A. THOMPSON,

Electrician, Accoucheur, and Eclectic Physician.

CHRONIC DISEASES, SUCH AS PARALYSIS, Rheumatism, Glandular Enlargement, Deafness and Neuralgia, treated successfully.

Special attention given to Female Diseases. Examinations made by the Electric Battery connected with the nerve forces.

Board, with a pleasant home for a limited number of Patients.

Calls will be attended to in any part of the city.

Batteries for sale and instructions given upon the scientific use of Electricity as a Remedial Agent.

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE—No. 91 THIRD STREET East side, near the M. E. Church, Portland.
Portland, June 12th, 1868. dtf

STRAWBERRY AND ICE-CREAM FESTIVAL!

will be given by the

Ladies of the Unitarian Church,

TUESDAY EVENING, JUNE 16TH, 1868,

AT

ORO FINO HALL!

je13d3awtd

To Rent.

A FURNISHED HOUSE—COR. FIRST AND PINE streets. Apply on the premises, or to
S. J. McCORMICK,
jel3d3t 106 Front Street.

NEW TO-DAY.

FIREWORKS!

CHURCH & CLARK,

No. 207 Front street, San Francisco,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

MEDITERRANEAN AND CALIFORNIA

FRUITS, NUTS, CANDIES, ETC.,

AND MANUFACTURERS OF

FIREWORKS!

WALNUTS, NEW CROP,

IN BOND OR DUTY PAID.

RAISINS,

IN BOND OR DUTY PAID.

my25d3t&tjy4 CHURCH & CLARK.

J. B. CONGLE,

No. 93 Front Street, Portland, Oregon,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to his old friends and patrons, that he has just Returned from the East, where he has bought a Large and well-selected Stock of

SADDLERY HARDWARE!

GOLD AND SILVER-PLATED HARNESS,

COACH HARNESS DOUBLE CARRIAGE HARNESS

SINGLE HARNESS,

HILL'S CONCORD TEAM AND STAGE HARNESS,

Boston Dray Collars,

Splendid Assortment of Whips, etc., etc.

In addition to the above he will keep on hand a Large Supply of Home-Made

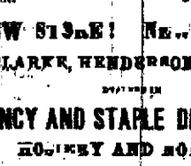
SADDLES, HARNESS, COLLARS, AND BRIDLES,

Also, SANTA CRUZ HARNESS LEATHER, SKIRTING and BRIDLE, all of which he offers to the Trade at Lower Rates than ever before offered in this market.

Call and examine my Stock before purchasing elsewhere, and I will guarantee satisfaction.

Portland, Nov. 24, 1867. d2ptf

GEM SALOON!



NEW BILLIARD TABLES!

FIVE SPLENDID TABLES JUST ARRIVED from San Francisco, HIXLAN & COLLENDAR'S LATEST IMPROVED PATENT CUSHION, SATIN and ROSEWOOD, MARBLE BED, THE FINEST MANUFACTURED.

The Choicest and one Pocket Table in the Gem Saloon and one in the Ladies' Saloon.

Also, purchased under my own personal supervision, a lot of the

FINEST WINES AND LIQUORS,

and the best brands of Cigars

der C. A. BURCHARDT.

DIRECT FROM NEW YORK!

HATS HATS

CAPS! CAPS! CAPS!

MEN'S HATS! BOYS' HATS!

CHILDREN'S HATS!

EVERY KIND OF HATS JUST RECEIVED COMprising all the Latest Styles of Paris, London and New York. The public are invited to call and examine for themselves.

HATS OF ALL KINDS MADE TO ORDER AND REPAIRED by

J. A. DALY,
103 Front street,
aprtdtf Portland, Or.

RENOVATE.

THE JEWELRY ESTABLISHMENT
OF
JOHN B. MILLER

HAS BEEN REMOVED TO

No. 101 Front Street, Corner of Alder,
Carter's New Building,
IN CHARLES WOODARD'S DRUG STORE,

Where he will be ready to attend to all matters of work-manship in his line.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY REPAIRED in the best workmanlike manner.

je2dtf J. B. MILLER.

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!!

CLARKE, HENDERSON & COOK,

DEALERS IN

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS AND NOVELTIES,

Ladies & Gents' Furnishing Goods,

THE ONE PRICE STORE!

Corner of First and Washington Streets.

mh24d3tf CLARKE, HENDERSON & COOK.

THE NOBBY STRAW HAT!

THE BOYS' BASE BALL HAT!

FINE PANAMA HATS!

DIRECT FROM NEW YORK,

AND FOR SALE BY

J. A. DALY,

my13d3m2p 103 Front Street.

SILVER & ARNOLD,

186 First Street,

(Between Taylor and Yamhill,)

PORTLAND, OREGON.

WE HAVE A LARGE AND WELL-SELECTED Stock of General Merchandise. Will sell Low for CASH OR COUNTRY PRODUCE.

C. S. SILVER. my26d1f F. M. ARNOLD.

BOYS' CLOTHING,

READY MADE AND MADE TO ORDER.

PATTERNS FOR BOYS' CLOTHS sold at 25 cents each. For particulars call at
je1dtf H. WILZINSKI'S,
107 First street.

Dissolution Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COpartnership between the undersigned, under the firm name of GRADON & CO., in this day dissolved by mutual consent. C. C. BALL having purchased the interest of ISRAEL GRADON in the business, will collect all moneys due the firm and pay the debts. He will continue the WAGON MAKING AND BLACKSMITHING BUSINESS at the old stand.

Portland, June 1, 1868. ISRAEL GRADON,
je2d1m* C. BALL.

PORTLAND ICE CO.

OFFICES AT

CHAS. BURCHARDT'S AND WALTER MOFFITT'S.

ALL WHO WISH TO KEEP COOL SHOULD CALL as above and leave their orders for ICE, which will be delivered in all parts of the city.

A. B. RICHARDSON,
AUCTION[illegible]
Corner of Front and Oak S[illegible]

AUCTION SAL[illegible]
OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES, G[illegible]AR, CHANDLER AND HO[illegible]

Sale Days—wednesday and Sat[illegible]

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auc[illegible]

[illegible] Prize—Ax[illegible]
CELEBRATED REFINED BAR and HORSESHOE
do SQUARE & OCTAGON CAST
HORSE SHOES, FILES, RASPS, SA[illegible]
SCREWS, FRY-PANS, SHEET IRON, &c.

ALSO:
[illegible]
A. B. RICHARDSON, AUCTIONEER.

LARGE AND PERE[illegible]
OF
GROCERIES, [illegible]
General Merchandise, [illegible]
WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17TH, [illegible]
At 10 o'clock A. M., at [illegible]

350 chests CHOICE TEAS, [illegible]
100 chests CHOICE JAPAN [illegible]
50 chests [illegible]

400 boxes MUSCATEL RAISINS,
250 boxes [illegible]
[illegible]
100 kegs [illegible]
100 cases [illegible]

ALSO,
50 cases SAGO, [illegible]
50 cases [illegible]

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SA[illegible]

Unclaimed Dr[illegible]

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT [illegible] piano for sale at P[illegible] on

Saturday, the [illegible] at the EMPIRE HOUSE, in this city, [illegible] claimed by [illegible] for [illegible] Valises and Carpet-bags, with [illegible] and other articles too numerous to mention, [illegible] consequence of [illegible] from said premises.

[illegible] will be sold at [illegible] from said premises.

Parties who have left [illegible] telephone 1861, are notified [illegible] day of sale at about [illegible]

JOHN WILLIAMS,
Dalles City, June 9, 1868.

FIRE-WORKS
AT REDUCED PRICES
FOR CASH BY
GIBBS & [illegible]

A VERY HANDSOME [illegible] on hands. Pa[illegible] pieces of FIRE-WORKS [illegible] C. O. D. by Wells, Fargo & Co. [illegible] lected it yourself.

Importer and Jobber [illegible]
FRUIT, [illegible]
CANDIES, [illegible]
THE SCHUS [illegible]
PACIFIC [illegible]
CORNER [illegible]

AUCTION SA[illegible]

Groceries, [illegible]
General Merchandise, [illegible]
WEDNESDAY, JUNE 17TH, [illegible]
At 10 o'clock A. M., at [illegible]

350 chests CHOICE TEAS, [illegible]
100 chests CHOICE JAPAN [illegible]
50 chests [illegible]

400 boxes MUSC

...ting and Commission Merchant.

E. B. RICHARDSON,
AUCTIONEER

...ner of Front and Oak Streets.

AUCTION SALES
...ESTATE GROCERIES GENERAL
CHANDISE AND HORSES

...Days—Wednesday and Saturday.

A B RICHARDSON Auctioneer

...At Private Sale.

...ASH REFINED BAR and BUNDLE IRON;
...SQUARE & STAR CAST STEEL;
...RESHOES PITCH RAKES SAWS;
...WS PEYTIANS SHEET IRON R G IRON

ALSO
...large ...sort of GROCERIES & LIQUORS.
A B RICHARDSON Auctioneer

...E AND PEREMPTORY SALE
OF
...Groceries, Furniture,
General Merchandise &c.

...DNESDAY, JUNE 17, 1868,
AT 10 o'clock A M.,

250 chests CHOICE JAPAN TEA;
...00 chests CHOICE BLACK TEA;
...50 chests YOUNG HYSON TEA;

ALSO,
...00 boxes MUCUR CANDLES,
...25 kegs WOOD S do

ALSO
...200 boxes MACARONI
...70 boxes VERMICELLI

ALSO,
...500 bbls CAROLINA RICE
...100 cases ENGLISH MUSTARD

ALSO,
...50 cases SARDINES, ½ boxes
...25 cases do qr boxes

ALSO,
...Furniture.
A B RICHARDSON Auctioneer

...UCTION SALE
OF
...claimed Baggage.

...CE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I WILL EX...se for sale at Public Auction at the Pa... City, Ore...

...day, July 11th, at 10 o'clock, A. M.,
...MPIRE HOTEL in the said city all the un... baggage left said Hotel consisting of Trunks, ... and Carpet bags with their contents. Blankets ... articles too numerous to mention. The said ... will be sold without ... to ... ...ments of alterations and improvements to said Hotel, the said goods will have to be r... ...d premises
...who have left baggage of any kind at said Ho... 1867, are notified to remove the same before the ...le as above mentioned.

THOMAS SMITH,
Proprietor of Empire Hotel
...N WILLIAMS, Auctioneer
...City, June 2, 1868 jel1-d1m

...RE-WORKS!
AT REDUCED PRICES,
FOR SALE BY
...A. GIORGIANI,
...Stockton st., San Francisco.

...RTMENT OF EXCELLENT ASSORTMENT ... FIRE-WORKS you may desire will be forwarded ... by Wells, Fargo & Co., the same as if you ... ...

ALSO
...Orchestral Wheel ... and Commission Dealer in
FRUITS!

...ATION!
...E SHOES AND SHOES
...
PACIFIC TANNERY
...AS Dated 1860, at ...
...VE SOME WIDE-SPREAD REPUTATION FOR ... TY, SHAPE AND WEAR ... attempts are frequently made by some of inferior ... our name. DEALERS and the PUBLIC are ... EXAMINE CAREFULLY BEFORE PUR... ...ll that are SOLD BY THE MANUFACTURER.
...
...ACIFIC TANNERY
...OOT AND SHOE CO., SAN FRA...
...Trade Supplied at a Liberal Discount.

...HOUSE OR MARRIED? ...AT IS THE QUESTION!
...OF ANA...MY AND SCIENCE"
...Lectures on Manhood and its ... ...
...Lectures on Marriage and its ... ...
...Lectures on Physiology and its ... ...
...Lectures on Generation and its ... ...
...Lectures on Love and its ... ...
...Lectures on Courtship and its ... ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Sexual Organs, ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Urinary Organs, ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Kidneys, ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Bladder, ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Prostate Gland, ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Rectum, ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Skin, ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Blood, ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Throat, ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Nose, ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Eyes, ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Ears, ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Head, ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Heart, ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Lungs, ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Stomach, ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Liver, ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Bowels, ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Nervous System, ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Muscular System, ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Bones, ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Joints, ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Feet, ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Hands, ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Arms, ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Legs, ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Thighs, ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Hips, ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Back, ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Chest, ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Abdomen, ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Pelvis, ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Genitals, ...
...Lectures on Diseases of the Urethra

June

Blooming blushing June is here merry month of roses
In whose happy clasp the Earth calmly reposes
Drowsy we most of woodlands cool hills and mountain passes
Spots where crimson berries peep out from trailing grasses

Where the timid hare all hides fast in forest shadows
And the yellow vinlets star all the dewy meadows
Where the wild vine a golden threads bright as maiden's tresses
Fill each brown and thorned shrub in its gay caresses

Where the wandering wild briar creeps over sunny hedges
As if the roguish lilies He adage among the sedges
Tally the reed bird swings on the slender rushes
In the tangled hazel boughs build the twittering thrushes

In the light squirrels frisk and bound under leafy arches
And the robin, all day long, pipes his plaintive marches
Where the showery leaves just stir—and through sleepy hollows,
Lazily the waters glide o'er the shining shallows

Over all, the summer sun warm and brightly shining
And the low clouds, floating by show their golden lining

Bloom and beauty everywhere God's divine adorning
Is ever heard the "very calm of the bright June morning—

While the conscious pulses thrill, and the glad lips quiver
With the soul's still song of praise to the Gracious Giver

So, for the blushing June is here, merriest month of roses
In whose happy clasp the Earth calmly reposes

—Jas D Crosby in Oroville Mr

Impeachment—Opinions of the Eastern Press

[From the Stockton (Cal) Independent]

The overland mail brings us files of several of the leading papers to the 14th of May, [illegible] because the probable failure of impeachment, through the defection of Trumbull, Henderson, Fessenden and Grimes. The Republican press of the West, with a single exception, are very severe on the Republican Senators who voted for acquittal. We give below copious extracts from these journals. The pervading sentiment of all is that in the failure to impeach, Andrew Johnson not only escaped the conviction which was his just due, but that the office of President is made more triumphant controlling power in the [illegible] than Congress, which, by the plain letter of the Constitution intended [illegible] ing power and which [illegible] responsible to the people [illegible] which op dosed impeachment. Mr. Johnson's [illegible] grant violation of the Tenure of Office act in the removal of Stanton, and the 21st of February is [illegible] in the Republican Senators voting [illegible] in the following from its issue of [illegible]

Even [illegible] Senators who now sneak[illegible] the President's superior courage [illegible] they passed the Tenure-of-Office bill over the President's veto all that they knew of the President's arguments except his plain [illegible] they thought then that the law was constitutional. The votes of Grimes, Fessenden, Trumbull and Trumbull, and the last are recorded at least five times. Trumbull aspired to be the [illegible] tion of the law in the constitutional sense. Andrew Johnson has snapped its bands as if they were a rope of sand, whom [illegible] these profound, consistent, statesman like Senators, set upon to hurl this daring despot from his seat, gathers round him like a phalanx of happie courtiers, and says: "O, most excellent President, most magnanimous Brother of the Sun, we have all been asses [illegible] thou alone hast read the Constitution and one interpret its hidden [illegible] In all humility we plead to thee our books, and beg thee to [illegible] Deign to treat with scorn and [illegible] upon thee, that we may strike the soles of thy feet." And all this to Andrew Johnson. Mr. Grimes has only added his columns of self stultification to this. If any one of the long drawn [illegible] has the slightest [illegible] condemning his own actions, will that of his brother Senators, in pass[illegible] the Tenure of Office law [illegible] him to his "sober senses." If they were not [illegible] to him when he [illegible] it, his [illegible] him to his "sober senses." If they were not [illegible] to him when he [illegible] it, his [illegible] the first powers of the world, and still [illegible] the only [illegible] has failed [illegible] a single antagonist who dares show for blow, without thought of our readers, then Mr. Grimes is made of the stuff to become a [illegible] a faithful champion of liberty. We speak [illegible] because the [illegible] of the [illegible] places in central Asia [illegible] sentive is all there is of free government. This [illegible] [illegible] for the [illegible] English Commons and Parliament for centuries. The [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]